



PROPERTY AND CASUALTY COMPANIES —ASSOCIATION EDITION

QUARTERLY STATEMENT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2011
OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE

ACA Financial Guaranty Corporation

NAIC Group Code	0000 (Current Period)	0000 (Prior Period)	NAIC Company Code	22896	Employer's ID Number	52-1474358
Organized under the Laws of	Maryland		State of Domicile or Port of Entry	Maryland		
Country of Domicile	United States					
Incorporated/Organized	06/25/1986		Commenced Business	10/31/1988		
Statutory Home Office	7 Saint Paul Street, Suite 1660 (Street and Number)		Baltimore, MD 21202 (City or Town, State and Zip Code)			
Main Administrative Office	600 Fifth Avenue, 2nd Floor (Street and Number)		New York, NY 10020 (City or Town, State and Zip Code)	212-375-2000 (Area Code) (Telephone Number)		
Mail Address	600 Fifth Avenue, 2nd Floor (Street and Number or P O Box)		New York, NY 10020 (City or Town, State and Zip Code)	212-375-2000 (Area Code) (Telephone Number)		
Primary Location of Books and Records	600 Fifth Avenue, 2nd Floor (Street and Number)		New York, NY 10020 (City or Town, State and Zip Code)	212-375-2000 (Area Code) (Telephone Number)		
Internet Web Site Address	http://www.aca.com					
Statutory Statement Contact	Eugene Thomas Carew (Name)		212-375-2041 (Area Code) (Telephone Number) (Extension)			
	ecarew@aca.com (E-Mail Address)		212-375-2100 (Fax Number)			

OFFICERS

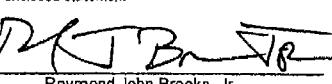
Name	Title	Name	Title
Raymond John Brooks, Jr.	President and CEO	Steven Joseph Berkowitz #	Chief Legal Officer & COO
Arnold Barry Jay Brousell	Treasurer and CFO		

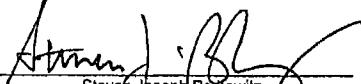
OTHER OFFICERS

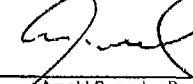
DIRECTORS OR TRUSTEES			
Raymond John Brooks, Jr.	Richard Joseph Caplan	Roger Dale Cunningham	Bradley Irving Dietz
Willis Thomas King, Jr.	Dwight Edward Lacey	Paul Douglas McFarlane	Andrew Nathan Roffman
John Bruce Sprung			

State of New York, 55
County of New York

The officers of this reporting entity being duly sworn, each depose and say that they are the described officers of said reporting entity, and that on the reporting period stated above, all of the herein described assets were the absolute property of the said reporting entity, free and clear from any liens or claims thereon, except as herein stated, and that this statement, together with related exhibits, schedules and explanations therein contained, annexed or referred to, is a full and true statement of all the assets and liabilities and of the condition and affairs of the said reporting entity as of the reporting period stated above, and of its income and deductions therefrom for the period ended, and have been completed in accordance with the NAIC Annual Statement Instructions and Accounting Practices and Procedures manual except to the extent that: (1) state law may differ, or, (2) that state rules or regulations require differences in reporting not related to accounting practices and procedures, according to the best of their information, knowledge and belief, respectively. Furthermore, the scope of this attestation by the described officers also includes the related corresponding electronic filing with the NAIC, when required, that is an exact copy (except for formatting differences due to electronic filing) of the enclosed statement. The electronic filing may be requested by various regulators in lieu of or in addition to the enclosed statement.


Raymond John Brooks, Jr.
President and Chief Executive Officer


Steven Joseph Berkowitz
Chief Legal Officer & Chief Operating Officer


Arnold Barry Jay Brousell
Treasurer & Chief Financial Officer

a. Is this an original filing? Yes No

b. If no,
1. State the amendment number
2. Date filed
3. Number of pages attached


Nicolas Kalcanides,



EXHIBIT

8

tabbles

STATEMENT AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2011 OF THE ACA Financial Guaranty Corporation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company (specifically, ACA Management, LLC) is one of several defendants in an action pending in New Mexico state court brought by Frank Foy on behalf of the State of New Mexico. The complaint alleges that Vanderbilt Capital Advisors (and certain affiliates) engaged in an unlawful "pay to play" scheme with various New Mexico state officials, causing New Mexico state agencies to purchase certain worthless CDO investments, including some with which the Company was allegedly connected. The complaint seeks compensatory damages in excess of \$90 million, plus interest and civil penalties which Plaintiff asserts raise the claim to several hundred million dollars, under certain New Mexico statutes, including the Fraud Against Taxpayers Act ("FATA"). The Company moved to dismiss the complaint for lack of jurisdiction. On April 28, 2010, without ruling on the Company's jurisdictional motion, the Court dismissed the complaint in its entirety on a number of grounds including constitutionality and lack of standing. Just before this dismissal was issued, the plaintiff filed an amended complaint which added a number of additional plaintiffs and legal theories. The Court subsequently entered an order striking all portions of the amended complaint inconsistent with the April 28 dismissal. The only surviving portions of the amended complaint are allegations of FATA violations occurring after July 1, 2007. The Company has renewed its motion to dismiss for lack of personal jurisdiction, and has also joined in a motion by all defendants to dismiss the amended complaint for failure to state a claim and for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. These motions have been stayed pending jurisdictional discovery. In addition, the New Mexico Attorney General has asked the Court to dismiss portions of the lawsuit relating to "pay to play" allegations concerning the New Mexico State Investment Council in favor of lawsuits filed by the New Mexico Attorney General relating to the underlying "pay to play" scheme (the Company is not named in those lawsuits). That motion has been granted.

The Company recently settled the suit in which it was a named defendant in New York State Supreme Court in a suit brought by Manifold Capital Corporation (f/k/a ACA Capital Holdings, Inc.) ("Manifold") for alleged breaches of an Intercompany Agreement dated August 6, 2008 (the "Intercompany Agreement") and entered into among the Company, Manifold, and their affiliates. In exchange for a release of claims, including relinquishing all further rights under the Intercompany Agreement, the Company received a cash payment from an escrow indemnity account to resolve the dispute.

The Company was recently named as a defendant in a putative class-action in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Mississippi. The putative class purports to consist of all owners and/or holders of Connector 2000 Association, Inc. Toll Road Revenue Bonds (the "Connector Bonds") insured by the Company. The issuer of the Connector Bonds, Connector 2000 Association, Inc. (the "Issuer"), successfully confirmed a Chapter 9 plan (the "Plan"), and emerged from its bankruptcy proceeding on April 1, 2011. Pursuant to the terms of the Plan and by operation of law, the Connector Bonds were exchanged for new obligations of the Issuer (the "New Obligations") and were effectively cancelled. As a result, the Company asserts that the Connector Bonds are no longer enforceable obligations, and as such, neither is the guaranty obligation originally provided by the Company under its secondary market insurance policies. Because the Connector Bonds are no longer effective or enforceable obligations by virtue of the exchange effected under the Plan, and because the original guaranty issued by the Company in connection with the Connector Bonds under the Policy was not extended under the Plan or otherwise to the New Obligations, the Company asserts that it has no further liability or obligation under its policies. The Company also contends that, by reason of the cancellation of the Connector Bonds, the Company no longer has any liability under its policies pursuant to the plain language thereof. Based on the foregoing, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the complaint in its entirety, which motion was fully briefed on October 11, 2011. The Company has requested oral argument on its motion, and is waiting for oral argument to be scheduled by the Court.

The Company is a third-party defendant in a suit filed in the Fourth Judicial Circuit in Duval County, Florida. The Company insured \$11.7 million of bonds issued for the construction of a hospital and nursing facility in Macclenny, Florida. The bond documents required the hospital (i.e., the entity responsible for servicing the bonds insured by the Company) to procure and maintain a certain type of professional liability insurance. The hospital failed to comply with the professional liability insurance requirements under the bond documents and has commenced this action against the bond trustee to, among other things, be relieved of such obligation. In response, the bond trustee commenced a third party action against the Company demanding that the Company indemnify it for any liability the bond trustee may have to the hospital. The Company, in turn, brought a third-party action against the hospital and others seeking a declaration, *inter alia*, that the Company is either excused from its obligation under the bond insurance policy or that the hospital must procure professional liability insurance as required by the bond documents. To date, the Company has successfully moved to strike a number of the hospital's affirmative defenses to the Company's third-party complaint and has successfully defended against the trustee's motion to dismiss certain claims in the Company's third-party complaint. The hospital recently filed a motion for leave to amend its complaint to assert claims directly against the Company for, *inter alia*, breach of contract, and the Company has requested that the hospital make certain changes to its proposed pleading to conform to the Court's prior rulings and applicable law. The hospital's motion for leave to amend has not been scheduled for a hearing. The parties are currently engaged in discovery regarding the parties' outstanding claims.

Various lawsuits against the Company have arisen in the course of the Company's business. Contingent liabilities arising from litigation, income taxes and other matters are not considered material in relation to the financial position or the results of operations of the Company.

15. LEASES

A In March 2010, ACA finalized negotiations with a new tenant for all of its office space at 140 Broadway. Under the terms of the transaction, ACA was released from its obligations under the lease, its security deposit of \$2.7 million was returned and it made cash payments of \$11.6 million. ACA recognized a loss of \$13.0 million on the lease termination, which included the carrying value of leasehold improvements and furniture and fixtures related to this space.

In 2010, ACA finalized a sublease of new office space at 600 Fifth Avenue running through September 30, 2016. Minimum future lease payments under the lease are 2011-\$0.1 million, 2012-\$0.5 million, 2013-\$0.5 million, 2014-\$0.6 million, 2015-\$0.6 million, and 2016-\$0.5 million. The Company took possession of this space in July 2010.

The Company's rental expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$212.9 thousand and \$918.5 thousand, respectively.

B Not applicable